

WINDOW TEXT FOR QUICK FLYBY MOVIES

ASTEROID.AVI: Most asteroids lie within the asteroid belt between the orbits of Mars and Jupiter.

EARTH.AVI: As we pass Earth, we can see the swirling clouds of its atmosphere.

JUPITER.AVI: Jupiter offers the most features of interest for telescopic observers to see.

MARS.AVI: The striking hue of Mars leads to its nickname, "the Red Planet."

MERCURY.AVI: We are now flying by the fastest planet, Mercury.

NEPTUNE.AVI: As we pass Neptune, we are over 2.5 billion miles away from our planet Earth.

PLUTO.AVI: The distant, cold Pluto takes 247.5 years to circle the Sun.

SATURN.AVI: Beneath Saturn's rings lies a cloudy, gaseous globe.

SUN.AVI: A flight this close to the Sun is impossible in reality; we must observe it using special equipment.

URANUS.AVI: Uranus is the most distant planet visible to the naked eye.

VENUS.AVI: Even though Venus is brighter and closer to us than any other planets, it usually shows the fewest details.